

## Moldova Hate Crime Report 2021

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2021 Hate Crime Report.

For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/moldova](https://hatecrime.osce.org/moldova)

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: [hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology](https://hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology)

### Summary

Moldova regularly reports hate crime data to ODIHR. In 2017, ODIHR and the OSCE Mission to Moldova co-organized a workshop for police, prosecutors and civil society on understanding and improving hate crime recording and data collection, which led to a set of recommendations for relevant state authorities.

Moldova has set up a "Strategic Group" tasked with identifying gaps in the capacity of police to effectively identify and investigate hate crimes. Moldova's National Human Rights Action Plan (2018-2022) also addresses hate crimes, and has provided a basis for the adoption of internal action plans related to hate crime recording and data collection, hate crime investigation, and hate crime training.

Following a request by Moldova's Ministry of Justice, in 2016, ODIHR provided a legal [opinion on draft amendments related to bias-motivated offences](#). ODIHR's recommendations were largely reflected in amendments to the Criminal Code adopted by the Moldovan Parliament and published on 3 June 2022.

[Hate crime data collection in Moldova](#)

[Support for hate crime victims in Moldova](#)

[Hate crime capacity building in Moldova](#)

[Moldova's hate crime legislation](#)

### ODIHR's Key Observation

ODIHR recognizes Moldova's efforts to build the capacity of criminal justice officials to address hate crime. Based on the available information, ODIHR observes that law enforcement agencies of Moldova do not record the bias motivations behind hate crimes. In addition, ODIHR observes that Moldova would benefit from developing its victim support system to ensure effective access to justice, assistance, and protection services for hate crime victims.

# Official Data

The number of hate crimes recorded by police represents the number of criminal cases into which criminal investigation was initiated.

Year	Hate crimes recorded by police	Prosecuted	Sentenced
2021	8	1	7

## Police data by bias motivation

8

Unspecified

## Police data by type of crime



## National Developments

In 2021, Moldova's "Strategic group for the harmonisation of law enforcement training on hate crimes", composed of representatives of the **General Police Inspectorate, the Superior Council of Magistracy, the Police Academy, the Ministry of Justice** and the **National Institute of Justice (NIJ)**, identified the need for two sets of cascaded training programmes in 2021. The first such training programme for police focuses on equality and non-discrimination, with the aim of strengthening preventive competencies. The second training programme aims to enhance inter-agency co-operation among criminal justice actors through a common understanding of hate crime and an integrated approach to combating such crimes.

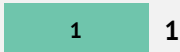
In 2021, police officers, prosecutors and judges benefitted from trainings events undertaken as part of two regional projects organized by the Council of Europe and funded by the European Union ("Strengthening the access to justice for victims of discrimination, hate crime and hate speech in the Eastern Partnership" and "Enhancing diversity and equality in the Republic of Moldova"). First, a training-of-trainers session on equality, non-discrimination and hate crimes was organized for police officers, followed in June 2022 by the delivery of cascaded training sessions by the trainees. With the Council of Europe's support, the **NIJ** organized four seminars entitled "Hate crimes through ECHR's practices" for the assistants of prosecutors and judges. A specialized course on "the examination and investigation of crimes motivated by prejudice" was included in the NIJ's in-service training curricula for prosecutors and judges.

# Incidents reported by civil society

Total 10 incidents



Anti-LGBTI hate crime



Anti-Roma hate crime

Violent attacks against people   Threats   Attacks against property

Please note that the total number of incidents may be lower than the sum of incidents presented in the breakdown chart above, as some incidents involve multiple bias motivations.