

Portugal Hate Crime Report 2019

Information contained in this report was compiled as part of ODIHR's 2019 Hate Crime Report.

For more information, including on previous years' reporting, please visit: hatecrime.osce.org/portugal

For more information about ODIHR's Hate Crime Report, visit: hatecrime.osce.org/our-methodology

Summary

Portugal regularly reports information on hate crimes to ODIHR. The Ministry of Justice and the Prosecutor's Office collect data on hate crime.

In 2018, the Ministry of Justice, ODIHR and the EU Agency for Fundamental Rights co-organized a workshop to improve hate crime recording and data collection, based on ODIHR's Information Against Hate Crimes Toolkit ([INFAHCT](#)). The workshop resulted in a set of recommendations for relevant state authorities.

[Hate crime data collection in Portugal](#)

[Support for hate crime victims in Portugal](#)

[Portugal's hate crime legislation](#)

ODIHR's Key Observation

ODIHR observes that the law enforcement agencies of Portugal have not recorded the bias motivations of hate crimes.

Official Data

Police-recorded figures refer to the crime of racial or religious discrimination only, and therefore includes incidents of hate speech and discrimination, which fall outside of the OSCE's definition of hate crime. The records on prosecuted and sentenced cases could not be reported as the numbers do not exceed three.

Year	Hate crimes recorded by police	Prosecuted	Sentenced
2019	82	0	0

Incidents reported by civil society

Total 31 incidents



Anti-LGBTI hate crime



Racist and xenophobic hate crime

Violent attacks against people Threats Attacks against property

Please note that the total number of incidents may be lower than the sum of incidents presented in the breakdown chart above, as some incidents involve multiple bias motivations.